

RoadMap Based on 2017

1. Awareness and Training

- **Objective:** educate all stakeholders about web security risks.
- **Actions:**
 - Conduct training sessions for developers, testers, and management on the OWASP Top 10.
 - Create awareness programs to highlight the importance of secure coding practices.

2. Risk Assessment

- **Objective:** Identify and assess the specific risks to your applications.
- **Actions:**
 - Perform a risk assessment to understand the unique threat landscape of your organization.
 - Prioritize risks based on the OWASP Top 10 and your specific business context.

3. Secure Development Lifecycle (SDLC) Integration

- **Objective:** Incorporate security into every phase of the software development lifecycle.
- **Actions:**
 - Implement security requirements in the design phase.
 - Use threat modeling to identify potential vulnerabilities early in the development process.
 - Integrate security testing (SAST, DAST) into CI/CD pipelines.

4. Addressing OWASP Top 10 Risks

- **Objective:** Mitigate the risks identified in the OWASP Top 10.
- **Actions:**
 - **A1:2017 - Injection:** Use parameterized queries and ORM tools to prevent injection attacks.
 - **A2:2017 - Broken Authentication:** Implement multi-factor authentication and secure session management.
 - **A3:2017 - Sensitive Data Exposure:** Encrypt sensitive data in transit and at rest; use strong cryptographic practices.
 - **A4:2017 - XML External Entities (XXE):** Disable DTD processing and validate XML inputs.
 - **A5:2017 - Broken Access Control:** Enforce strict access controls and regularly review permissions.

- **A6:2017 - Security Misconfiguration:** Regularly audit configurations and apply security hardening practices.
- **A7:2017 - Cross-Site Scripting (XSS):** Sanitize and encode user inputs; implement Content Security Policy (CSP).
- **A8:2017 - Insecure Deserialization:** Avoid deserializing untrusted data; implement integrity checks.
- **A9:2017 - Using Components with Known Vulnerabilities:** Maintain an inventory of components; regularly update and patch.
- **A10:2017 - Insufficient Logging & Monitoring:** Implement comprehensive logging and monitoring; establish incident response plans.

5. Testing and Validation

- **Objective:** Ensure that security measures are effective.
- **Actions:**
 - Conduct regular security testing (penetration testing, vulnerability scanning).
 - Use automated tools to continuously monitor for vulnerabilities.
 - Perform code reviews focusing on security issues.

6. Incident Response Planning

- **Objective:** Prepare for potential security incidents.
- **Actions:**
 - Develop and document an incident response plan.
 - Conduct drills and simulations to test the effectiveness of the response plan.
 - Establish communication protocols for reporting and managing incidents.

7. Continuous Improvement

- **Objective:** Evolve security practices based on new threats and vulnerabilities.
- **Actions:**
 - Stay updated with the latest security trends and OWASP updates.
 - Regularly review and update security policies and practices.
 - Foster a culture of security within the organization, encouraging feedback and improvement.

8. Compliance and Governance

- **Objective:** Ensure adherence to relevant regulations and standards.
- **Actions:**
 - Identify applicable compliance requirements (e.g., GDPR, PCI DSS).
 - Implement necessary controls to meet compliance standards.
 - Conduct regular audits to ensure compliance and identify gaps.